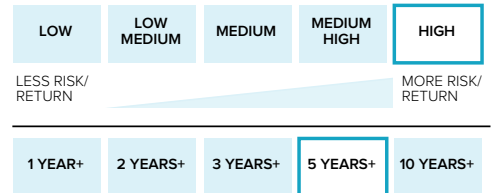


SYGNIA ITRIX FTSE 100 ETF

30 SEPTEMBER 2020



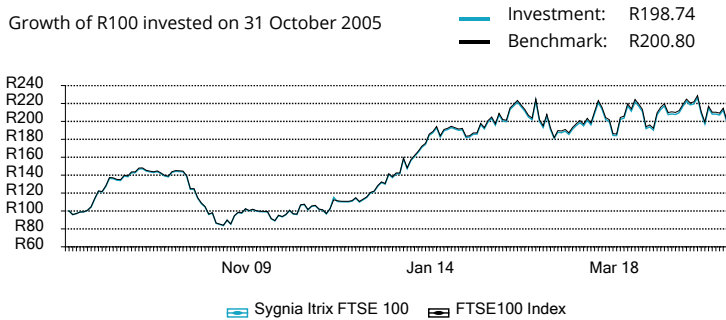
PORTFOLIO MANAGERS SYGNIA ASSET MANAGEMENT
INCEPTION 10 OCTOBER 2005
FUND SIZE R 766 Million
NAV PRICE 12 643 cents
UNITS IN ISSUE 6 060 000

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE TO REPLICATE THE PRICE AND YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FTSE 100 INDEX
INCOME DISTRIBUTION PAYMENT: DEC 2019 - 264.19686 CENTS PER UNIT
 PAYMENT: JUN 2020 - 170.69192 CENTS PER UNIT
TRUSTEES STANDARD BANK TRUSTEES (021 441 4100)

FUND INFORMATION

Classification	Regional - Equity - General
Asset Allocation	100% Offshore Equity
NAV/Index Ratio	ca. 1/1000
Financial Year End	31 December
Index Tracking	Fund tracks the FTSE 100 Index
Dividend Distribution	Semi-annual distribution
NAV Publication	Daily on sygnia.co.za
Portfolio Valuation	Close of relevant market
Foreign exchange source	World Market fix rate 16:00pm EST

CUMULATIVE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE



Cumulative investment performance is for illustrative purposes only and is calculated using the NAV before any distributable income and management fee.

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

INSTRUMENT	PERCENT
AstraZeneca PLC	7.3%
GlaxoSmithKline PLC	4.7%
British American Tobacco PLC	4.2%
HSBC Holdings PLC	4.1%
Diageo PLC	4.0%
Unilever PLC	3.4%
Rio Tinto PLC	3.3%
Reckitt Benckiser Group PLC	3.2%
BP PLC	3.0%
Royal Dutch Shell PLC	2.6%

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YEAR
2017	0.9%	-1.9%	3.2%	2.1%	1.7%	-1.8%	3.3%	-2.5%	6.4%	5.8%	-3.3%	-5.4%	7.9%
2018	-1.2%	-7.7%	-0.1%	9.9%	0.7%	6.7%	-2.7%	5.0%	-2.3%	-2.8%	-9.1%	1.1%	-4.1%
2019	-1.9%	8.9%	3.0%	1.7%	-4.4%	0.4%	-0.3%	1.0%	3.3%	2.7%	-1.9%	0.5%	13.2%
2020	3.2%	-7.8%	-5.5%	8.9%	-3.1%	0.0%	-0.5%	2.6%	-6.5%				-9.5%

Since inception performance figures are available on request.

RISK STATISTICS

	FUND	^BM
% Negative Months	50.0%	50.0%
Average Negative Month	-3.6%	-3.6%
Largest Drawdown	-18.7%	-19.2%
Standard Deviation	16.3%	16.4%
Downside Deviation	9.4%	9.5%
Highest Annual Return: Nov 2016 - Oct 2017	21.9%	22.7%
Lowest Annual Return: Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	-15.4%	-15.3%
Annualised Tracking Error (Active Return)	-0.04%	-
Annualised Tracking Error (Std Dev of Active Return)	0.08%	-

The risk statistics reflected above are calculated on a 60-month or since-inception basis, depending on which period is shorter. ^Benchmark is the Index.

LISTING INFORMATION

Exchange	JSE Limited
Exchange Code	SYGUK
Trading Currency	ZAR
Portfolio Currency	GBP
ISIN	ZAE000249520
RIC	SYGUKJ
Bloomberg Ticker	SYGUK SJ EQUITY
Trading Hours	9:00 am - 16:50 pm
Transaction cut-off	JSE trading hours

ASSET ALLOCATION

ASSET	PERCENT	ALLOCATION
International Equity	99.0%	

SECTOR ALLOCATION

SECTOR	PERCENT	ALLOCATION
Consumer Staples	18.2%	
Financials	16.8%	
Health Care	13.2%	
Materials	12.7%	
Industrials	11.0%	
Consumer Discretionary	8.3%	
Energy	7.9%	
Communication Services	4.2%	
Other	7.6%	

PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

PERIOD	SYGNIA ITRIX FTSE 100	FTSE100 INDEX (ZAR)**	FTSE100 INDEX (GBP)**	SYGNIA ITRIX FTSE 100 (TR)
1 Year	-8.3%	-8.3%	-20.8%	-5.4%
3 Years	-1.6%	-1.6%	-7.3%	1.5%
5 Years	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.7%	3.1%
10 Years	7.6%	7.6%	0.6%	10.9%
Since Inception	4.7%	4.8%	0.7%	7.8%

Performance of the fund is calculated by Sygnia Asset Management as at reporting date.

Performance figures greater than one year are annualised.

**Price return

TR = Total return

ANNUAL MANAGEMENT FEE

BROKER/OTHER PLATFORM (EXCL VAT)	SYGNIA ALCHEMY PLATFORM (EXCL VAT)
First R 10 Million : 0.75%pa	First R 2 Million : 0.55%pa
R 10 Million-R 100 Million : 0.60%pa	R 2 Million-R 100 Million : 0.50%pa
Over R 100 Million : 0.40%pa	Over R 100 Million : 0.30%pa

Excess management fees for investors over R10m are included in the below TER, and distributed back to the investor at each distribution date.

FEES

VAT	0.09%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.86% (Sep 2020)
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.00% (Sep 2020)
Total Investment Charge (TIC)	0.86% (Sep 2020)

FIND OUT MORE ABOUT OUR FUNDS:

WWW.SYGNIA.CO.ZA



SYGNIA ITRIX FTSE 100 ETF FUND COMMENTARY

REGIONAL - EQUITY - GENERAL

3RD QUARTER 2020

MARKET PERFORMANCE

Although Covid-19 numbers are escalating in areas such as the UK, France and Spain, there is a glimmer of hope in the air. Pfizer hinted that a Covid-19 vaccine could be ready by the end of the year. AstraZeneca and Oxford University restarted the UK trial of their vaccine after the study was halted when a participant fell ill. The FDA is expecting at least one vaccine approval by late November.

As lockdowns ended around the world, and economic activity picked up, the OECD upgraded its outlook for world economic growth this year, shifting up from -6% to -4.5%. In the land of the free (the United States), the Federal Open Market Committee (the equivalent of the South African Monetary Policy Committee) signalled that interest rates are set to remain close to zero through to 2023. The combination of the above positive developments makes for an improved global market sentiment. While this signals good news, the US also currently faces the possibility of a hotly contested election for the first time in 20 years.

President Trump's re-election odds first bottomed out and then started improving. However, despite the first presidential debate being somewhat ill-mannered, Biden seems to have made a narrow victory through the chaos.

As the elections loom, Trump's actions are likely to increase market volatility. It certainly seems likely he will contest a democratic victory on the grounds of fraud in postal votes. Donald's ineffectual attempt to ban WeChat based on national security concerns was halted by US Judge Laurel Beeler, who ruled that there was insufficient evidence of a security threat and the ban would infringe on the right to free speech. That brings us to the Tech sector, which has several positives. Cloud computing, artificial intelligence, and the beginning of 5G networks are factors that are likely to lead to strong growth. In addition, the global move towards remote workers means companies are increasingly reliant on technology. However, short-term risks remain from the US/China technology conflict, vaccine breakthroughs that allow a return to the "old normal", very low tax rates of the big tech companies, and anti-trust investigations by the US Justice Department or Federal Trade Commission.

Yoshihide Suga was elected Prime Minister of Japan in September, succeeding Shinzo Abe and facilitating change for the first time since Shinzo's appointment in 2012. Yoshihide seems focused on the same goals - continuing Abenomics, pushing forward regulatory reforms at full speed, and accelerating investment spending to grow the economy.

In a somewhat unexpected move, the UK threatened to breach international law to override the Withdrawal Agreement it signed with the EU just last year. The pound reacted with its biggest weekly fall in almost six months against the dollar.

The EU responded with its own threat of legal action, calling on Prime Minister Boris Johnson to withdraw the new UK Internal Market Bill. The Bill, if it is passed, will open the door for the UK to unilaterally change arrangements made for the UK's only land border with the EU: the Ireland-Northern Ireland border.

Global investors have become increasingly concerned that the UK and the EU will fail to reach a post-Brexit trade agreement, which could subdue global growth expectations. Hopes are that a deal will be concluded before the 15 October deadline to ensure it can be ratified by the end of this year.

South Africa's second quarter GDP fell an annualised 51% quarter-on-quarter, taking us into our longest recession since 1992. The economy has now contracted for seven of the last 10 quarters. The OECD has cut SA's growth outlook for 2020 to -11.5%, among the worst relative to emerging market peers, such as Brazil, India and China.

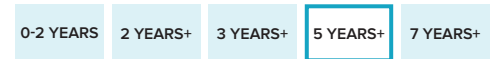
A growing number of global institutions are now predicting South Africa is on the path to become a failed state. This poor outlook led to foreign holdings of South African government bonds falling below 30% for the first time since 2012. This is not great news coming at a time when South African debt is high and we need foreign investment more than ever. An improvement in the short to medium term seems increasingly unlikely given government's ongoing legal battle with trade unions and structural problems at state-owned enterprises (SOEs). South Africa is in its 13th year of load shedding while SAA requires an additional R10 billion just to sustain its business rescue process.

South Africa's debt service costs are estimated to reach 22% of GDP this year, significantly up from 9% in 2009. If it moves any higher, growth could be permanently crippled. In June Finance Minister, Tito Mboweni, presented two scenarios for the country. We anticipate he will stick to the "active scenario" with R230 billion worth of expenditure cuts, which will hopefully restore the country to a position where debt is stabilised to 73.5% of GDP by 2023/24. Execution of the active scenario will take place over the next few years, so promises are easy ...for now. A study by the Institute of Race Relations shows that reforms have gone backwards rather than forwards, highlighting the need for reforms to gain traction.

RISK PROFILE



TIME HORIZON



All eyes will be on the Medium-Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS) on Wednesday, 28 October, which could well prove to be a turning point. Markets, unfortunately, appear to be pricing in the worst. Until we see a strong social compact between government, business and labour, the South African outlook remains grim.

FUND PERFORMANCE

The Sygnia Itrix FTSE 100 ETF delivered -4.5% for the quarter, in line with its benchmark, the FTSE 100 Index. The Fund benefitted from exposure to Unilever, Ocado Group and Ferguson, while its exposure to BP, HSBC Holdings and Royal Dutch Shell detracted from performance.

There were several changes to the tracked index's constituents over the period, including the addition of B&M European Value Retail and the removal of ITV.

The Fund remains true to its investment objective of delivering returns that mirror those of the FTSE 100 Index.

DISCLAIMER

Sygnia Itrix (RF) (Pty) Ltd is a registered and approved Manager under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002. Sygnia Itrix does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or return of the portfolio. Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. ETFs trade on stock exchanges and may therefore incur additional costs associated with listed securities. Unlike a unit trust, which can be bought or sold only at the end of the trading day, an ETF can be traded intraday, during exchange trading hours. ETFs may invest in foreign securities, which may be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, illiquidity and foreign exchange risks. Additional information on the Index including its performance and tracking error can be viewed on the relevant Fund Fact Sheets on www.sygnia.co.za. A schedule of fees and charges may be requested via admin@sfs.sygnia.co.za or 0860 794 642 (0860 SYGNIA). The complete terms and conditions of your ETF investment are contained in the fund's offering circular, pre-listing statement, programme memorandum and/or supplemental. These documents may be obtained from www.sygnia.co.za or on request from Sygnia. Nothing in this document shall be considered to state or imply that the Fund is suitable for a particular type of investor.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION TO CONSIDER BEFORE INVESTING

INVESTMENT APPROACH

The Sygnia Itrix FTSE 100 ETF is a high risk, passively managed index tracking fund, registered as a Collective Investments Scheme, and is listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange as an Exchange Traded Fund. The objective is to replicate the price and yield performance of the FTSE 100 Index as closely as possible by physically holding a portfolio of securities equivalent to the basket of securities comprising the Index and in the same weightings of the Index. Index Performance data can be sourced from Bloomberg, Reuters, other data providers and at www.sygnia.co.za.

BALANCING RISK AND REWARD

The FTSE 100 Index is a market capitalisation weighted index representing the performance of the 100 largest UK – domiciled companies, which pass screening for size and liquidity. Index constituents are all traded on the London Stock Exchange SETS trading system. For changes to the index constituents please refer to the published SENS. The recommended investment term for investors in the Sygnia Itrix FTSE 100 ETF is a minimum of five years.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Equity markets are volatile and the price of equities fluctuate based on a number of factors such as changes in the economic climate, general movements in interest rates and the political and social environment which will also affect the value of the securities held in the unit trust, thereby affecting the overall value of the unit trust. There are regulations in place which limit the amount that a unit trust may invest in securities, thereby spreading the risk across securities, asset classes and companies. The fund may also be exposed to liquidity risk. This relates to the ability of the unit trust to trade out of a security held in the portfolio at or near to its fair value.

Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

Performance is calculated based on the NAV to NAV calculation of the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date and dividend withholding tax.

FEES

A schedule of fees and charges is available on request from Sygnia Itrix. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Sygnia Itrix ETFs are Exchange Traded Funds that trade on stock exchanges and may therefore incur additional costs associated with listed securities. Sygnia Itrix does not provide advice and therefore does not charge advice fees.

WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the fund's actual expenses over the past year. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the fund and impact fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Since fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and Transaction Costs should not be deducted again from the published returns. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return.

FOREIGN SECURITIES

The fund invests in foreign securities, which may be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down.

CUMULATIVE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

Cumulative investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown, with income reinvested on the reinvestment date.

EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS VS UNIT TRUSTS

Whilst both unit trusts and ETFs are regulated and registered under the Collective Investment Scheme Control Act, ETFs trade on stock exchanges just like any other listed, tradable security. Unlike a unit trust, which can be bought or sold only at the end of the trading day, an ETF can be traded intraday, during exchange trading hours.

HOW ARE NAV PRICES CALCULATED?

Net Asset Value (NAV) prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. The price at which ETFs trade on an Exchange may differ from the NAV price published at the close of the trading day, because of intraday price movements in the value of the constituent basket of securities.

DISCLAIMER

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Minimum Disclosure Document - Issue Date: 12 Oct 2020

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